

SAFETY DATA SHEET

in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, WHMIS 2015 and Safe Work Australia

SDS No. 6 July 2022 236B-25 Revision date: Date of previous issue: 24 May 2018

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

ARC BX1 (Part B)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Repair damage caused by impact, abrasion, erosion or corrosion; rebuild worn areas; fill holes and cracks; provide abrasion resistant surfaces.

Supplier:

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: A.W. CHESTERTON COMPANY

860 Salem Street

Groveland, MA 01834-1507, USA Tel. +1 978-469-6446 Fax: +1 978-469-6785

(Mon. - Fri. 8:30 - 5:00 PM EST) SDS requests: www.chesterton.com

E-mail (SDS questions): ProductSDSs@chesterton.com

E-mail: customer.service@chesterton.com

Canada: A.W. Chesterton Company Ltd., 889 Fraser Drive, Unit 105, Burlington, Ontario L7L 4X8 - Tel. 905-335-5055

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24 hours per day, 7 days per week Call Infotrac: 1-800-535-5053

Outside N. America: +1 352-323-3500 (collect) NSW Poisons Information Centre (Australia): 13 11 26

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1. Classification according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / GHS

Skin corrosion, Category 1B, H314 Serious eye damage, Category 1, H318 Skin sensitization, Category 1, H317

2.1.2. Australian statement of hazardous nature

Hazardous according to criteria of Safe Work Australia.

2.1.3. Additional information

For full text of H-statements: see SECTIONS 2.2 and 16.

2.2. Label elements

Labeling according to 29 CFR 1910.1200 / WHMIS 2015 / GHS

Hazard pictograms:



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements: H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

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Precautionary statements: P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

P303/361/353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water or shower.

P305/351/338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P301/330/331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P333/313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Supplemental information: None

2.3. Other hazards

The safety and health hazards are detailed separately for Part A and Part B. The final cured material is considered nonhazardous. Upon machining, refer to the precautions in the safety data sheets for Part A and Part B.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures			
Hazardous Ingredients ¹	% Wt.	CAS No.	GHS Classification
1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2-aminoethyl)-, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether homopolymer	10 - 20	68411-71-2	Acute Tox. 4, H302
Diethylenetriamine*	3 - 7	111-40-0	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 4, H302/H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
Benzyl alcohol	1 - 5	100-51-6	Acute Tox. 4, H302/332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Other ingredients:			
Silicon carbide	15 - 25	409-21-2	Not classified ^a
Titanium dioxide**	1 - 2	13463-67-7	Not classified ^a
Silica (Quartz)	0.1 - 0.3	14808-60-7	Not classified ^a

^{*}This component is toxic by inhalation if sprayed or if aerosol/mist is created. The mixture is neither present in aerosol form nor may aerosols occur.

For full text of H-statements: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, administer artificial respiration. Contact physician.

Skin contact: Flood area with water while removing contaminated clothing. Wash clothing before reuse. Consult physician.

Eye contact: Flush eyes for at least 30 minutes with large amounts of water. Consult physician.

Ingestion: If person is conscious, rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Contact physician

immediately.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Avoid contact with

the product while providing aid to the victim. See section 8.2.2 for recommendations on personal

protective equipment.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Direct contact will cause burns to skin, eyes and mucous membranes. High vapor concentrations may cause respiratory tract irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause asthma, skin sensitization and other allergic responses.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptoms.

^{**}Contains less than 1 % of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm.

a3624

¹ Classified according to: 29 CFR 1910.1200, 1915, 1916, 1917, Mass. Right-to-Know Law (ch. 40, M.G.L..O. 111F), WHMIS 2015, Safe Work Australia, GHS

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SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, dry sand, limestone powder, alcohol-resistant foam or water fog

Unsuitable extinguishing media: No data available

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products: Incomplete combustion may form carbon monoxide. May generate: ammonia gas, toxic

nitrogen oxide gases.

Other hazards: Do not allow runoff from firefighting to enter drains or water courses.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Cool exposed containers with water. Recommend Firefighters wear self-contained breathing apparatus. A face shield should be worn.

Australian HAZCHEM Emergency Action Code: •2 Z

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate area. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid skin contact. Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

No special requirements.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Scoop up and transfer to a suitable container for disposal. Flush final traces of spill with water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 13 for disposal advice.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Utilize exposure controls and personal protection as specified in Section 8. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash clothing before reuse. Contaminated leather including shoes cannot be decontaminated and should be discarded. Do not contaminate with sodium nitrite or other nitrosating agents, which could cause the formation of cancer-causing nitrosamine. Avoid creating and breathing dust during removal, drilling, grinding, sawing or sanding.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in cool, dry area.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No special precautions.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

Ingredients	OSHA	PEL ¹	ACGIF	I TLV ²	AUSTR	ALIA ES ³
	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2- aminoethyl)-, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether homopolymer	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Diethylenetriamine	1 (Table Z-1- A)	4	1 (skin)	N/A	1 (skin)	4.2
Benzyl alcohol	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Silicon carbide	N/A	15 (total) 5 (resp.)	(inhal.) (resp.)	10 3	N/A	10 (insp.)
Titanium dioxide	N/A	15	N/A	10	N/A	10
Silica (Quartz)	(resp.)	0.05	(resp.)	0.025	(resp.)	0.05

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- ¹ United States Occupational Health & Safety Administration permissible exposure limits
- ² American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists threshold limit values
- ³ Safe Work Australia, Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Engineering measures

Provide sufficient ventilation to keep the vapor concentrations below the exposure limits. If necessary, provide local exhaust. If it is necessary to alter the final cured product such that dust may be generated, use adequate dust extraction or damp down.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Respiratory protection: Not normally needed. In case of insufficient ventilation, utilize an approved organic vapor respirator

(e.g., EN filter type A/P).

Protective gloves: Chemical resistant gloves (e.g., butyl rubber, neoprene or PVC)

Diethylenetriamine:

Contact type	Glove material	Layer thickness	Breakthrough time*
Full	Neoprene	0.65 mm	> 480 min.
Splash	natural rubber	0.6 mm	> 60 min.

^{*} Determined according to EN374 standard.

Eye and face protection: Safety goggles.

Other: Impervious clothing as necessary to prevent skin contact.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to sections 6 and 12.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	gritty paste	pН	not applicable
Colour	light gray	Kinematic viscosity	417-833K cSt 25°C
Odour	sweet	Solubility in water	slightly soluble
Odour threshold	not determined	Partition coefficient	not applicable
		n-octanol/water	• •
Boiling point or range	not determined	Vapour pressure @ 20°C	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	not determined	Density and/or relative density	2.4 kg/l
% Volatile (by volume)	0%	Weight per volume	20 lbs/gal.

Flammability not determined Vapour density (air=1) > 1
Lower/upper flammability or not determined Rate of evaporation (ether=1) < 1

 explosion limits

 Flash point
 99°C (211°F)
 % Aromatics by weight
 not determined

 Method
 PM Closed Cup
 Particle characteristics
 not applicable

MethodPM Closed CupParticle characteristicsnot applicableAutoignition temperaturenot determinedExplosive propertiesnot determinedDecomposition temperaturenot determinedOxidising propertiesnot determined

9.2. Other information

None

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Refer to sections 10.3 and 10.5.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Open flames and high temperatures.

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10.5. Incompatible materials

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Strong acids and strong oxidizers like liquid Chlorine and concentrated Oxygen, reactive metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Nitric acid, NOx, Ammonia, Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide, nitrosamines and other toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Primary route of exposure under normal use:

Inhalation, skin and eye contact. Personnel with pre-existing asthma, chronic respiratory disease and skin and eye conditions are generally aggravated by exposure.

Acute toxicity -

Oral:

May be harmful if swallowed. ATE-mix = 3252.6 mg/kg

Substance	Test	Result
1,2-Ethanediamine, N-(2-aminoethyl)-, reaction products with bisphenol A diglycidyl ether homopolymer	LD50, rat	200-500 mg/kg
Diethylenetriamine	LD50, rat	1553 mg/kg
Benzyl alcohol	LD50, rat	1620 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide	LD50, rat	> 10,000 mg/kg

Dermal:

Based on available data on components, the classification criteria are not met. ATE-mix = 19,169

mg/kg

Substance	Test	Result
Diethylenetriamine	LD50, rabbit	1045 mg/kg
Benzyl alcohol	LD50, rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation:

High vapor concentrations may cause respiratory tract irritation. ATE-mix = 378 mg/l (vapour).

Substance	Test	Result
Diethylenetriamine	LC50, rat, 4 h	No mortality at vapor
		saturation level
Benzyl alcohol	LC50, rat, 4 h	11 mg/l (vapour,
		cATpE)

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Causes burns.

Substance	Test	Result
Diethylenetriamine	Skin irritation, rabbit	Corrosive

Serious eye damage/ irritation:

Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Substance	Test	Result
Diethylenetriamine	Eye irritation, rabbit	Corrosive
Benzyl alcohol	OECD 405	Irritating

Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause asthma, skin sensitization and other allergic responses.

Substance	Test	Result
Diethylenetriamine	Skin sensitization,	Sensitizing
	guinea pig	

Germ cell mutagenicity:

Diethylenetriamine, Benzyl alcohol, Titanium dioxide: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity:

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) and the National Toxicology Program (NTP) have classified inhaled silica as a human carcinogen. IARC has designated inhaled titanium dioxide as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B). The silica and titanium dioxide in this product do not separate from the mixture or in of themselves become airborne, therefore, do not present a hazard in normal use.

Reproductive toxicity:

Diethylenetriamine, Silicon carbide, Titanium dioxide: not expected to cause toxicity. Benzyl alcohol: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT – single exposure:

Diethylenetriamine: may cause respiratory irritation. Benzyl alcohol: based on available data, the

classification criteria are not met.

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STOT – repeated exposure: Repeated inhalation of respirable free silica may cause scarring of the lungs with cough and

shortness of breath. Silicosis, a delayed lung injury that is a disabling, progressive and sometimes fatal pulmonary fibrosis, may result. The silica in this product does not separate from the mixture or in of itself become air-borne, therefore it does not present a hazard in normal use. Benzyl alcohol, Diethylenetriamine: based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Other information: None known

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. The information given below is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar substances.

12.1. Toxicity

Many aquatic species are intolerant to corrosive material such as the unreacted curing agent.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Diethylenetriamine: not readily biodegradable. Benzyl alcohol: readily biodegradable (OECD 301C, 301A). Unreacted components (Parts A and B), improperly released to the environment, can cause ground and water pollution.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Diethylenetriamine, Benzyl alcohol: bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is not expected to be significant. Diethylenetriamine: log Kow = 2.13. Benzyl alcohol: log Kow = 1.1. low potential for bioaccumulation (bioconcentration factor < 100, estimated).

12.4. Mobility in soil

Paste. Slightly soluble in water. In determining environmental mobility, consider the product's physical and chemical properties (see Section 9). Diethylenetriamine, Benzyl alcohol: expected to be highly mobile in soil (Benzyl alcohol, Koc, calculated: 15.7).

12.5. Other adverse effects

None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Combine resin and curative. The final cured material is considered nonhazardous. Landfill sealed containers with a properly licensed facility. Unreacted components are a special waste. May be incinerated at an appropriate facility. Check local, state and national/federal regulations and comply with the most stringent requirement.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: UN3259
TDG: UN3259
US DOT: UN3259

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO:
AMINES, SOLID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (CONTAINS 2,2'-IMINODIETHYLAMINE)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: 8
TDG: 8
US DOT: 8

14.4. Packing group

ADG/ADR/RID/ADN/IMDG/ICAO: || TDG: || US DOT: ||

14.5. Environmental hazards

NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

NO SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR USERS

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

NOT APPLICABLE

14.8. Other information

US DOT: ERG NO. 154

May be shipped as Limited Quantities in packaging having a rated capacity gross weight of 66 lb. or less and in inner packages not over 1 kg (49 CFR 173.154 (b),(1))

IMDG: EmS. F-A, S-B, IMDG segregation group 18-Alkalis

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ADR: Classification code C8, Tunnel restriction code (E)

ADG HAZCHEM CODE: 2X HIN: 88/80

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. National regulations

US EPA SARA TITLE III

312 Hazards: Chemicals subject to reporting requirements of Section 313 of EPCRA

and of 40 CFR 372:

Skin corrosion

None

Serious eye damage Skin sensitization

Other national regulations: None

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Abbreviations ADG: Australian Dangerous Goods Code

and acronyms: ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF: Bioconcentration Factor

cATpE: Converted Acute Toxicity point Estimate

ES: Exposure Standard

GHS: Globally Harmonized System

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population

LOEL: Lowest Observed Effect Level

N/A: Not Applicable NA: Not Available

NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration

NOEL: No Observed Effect Level

OECD: Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

(Q)SAR: Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationship

REL: Recommended Exposure Limit

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

SDS: Safety Data Sheet

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Exposure STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure TDG: Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Canada)

TDG. Transportation of Dangerous Goods (Cana

TWA: Time Weighted Average

US DOT: United States Department of Transportation WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

Other abbreviations and acronyms can be looked up at www.wikipedia.org.

Key literature references and sources for data:

Commission des normes, de l'équité, de la santé et de la sécurité du travail (CNESST)

Chemical Classification and Information Database (CCID)

European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) - Information on Chemicals Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluation (NITE)

U.S. National Library of Medicine Toxicology Data Network (TOXNET)

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Procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to GHS:

Classification	Classification procedure
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method

Relevant H-statements: H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H312: Harmful in contact with skin.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318: Causes serious eye damage. H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H330: Fatal if inhaled. H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Hazard pictogram names: Corrosion, exclamation mark

Further information: None

Date of last revision: 6 July 2022

Changes to the SDS in this revision: Complete change to represent new formulation.

This information is based solely on data provided by suppliers of the materials used, not on the mixture itself. No warranty is expressed or implied regarding the suitability of the product for the user's particular purpose. The user must make their own determination as to suitability.